

2.43 HCFC-142b(R142b)

All equations for HCFC-142b(R142b) are based on the Table from Thermodynamic properties of refrigerants by ASHRAE[1],[2].

2.43.1 Temperature Scale

International practical temperature scale 1968 (IPTS-1968)

2.43.2 The Names of Substance, Library File and Single Shot Program

Name of Substance:	HCFC-142b, R142b, Refrigerant 142b, Freon 142b, Chlorodifluoroethane
Library File for UNIX:	libjr142b.a
Library File for DOS,Windows95/NT:	JR142B.LIB
Single Shot Program for UNIX:	r142b-ss
Single Shot Program for DOS,Windows95/NT:	R142B-SS.EXE

2.43.3 Important Constants and Others

Molecular Formula:	$C_2H_3ClF_2$
Relative Molecular Mass:	100.496
Gas Constant:	82.7347 J/(kg·K)

Critical Constants:

Critical Pressure:	$4.123 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$ (41.23 bar)
Critical Temperature:	410.25 K (137.10 °C)
Critical Specific Volume:	$2.2988 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$

Reference State:

At 0°C, 1.0000 kJ/(kg·K) and 200.00 kJ/kg are assigned to the specific entropy and the specific enthalpy of saturated liquid, respectively.

2.43.4 Formula

Equation of State:

The Martin-Hou equation in reference [1] is used.

Vapor Pressure:

Equation (2.2.2) in reference [1].

Properties at Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium:

The saturated liquid density equation is obtained from Equation (2.2.4.d) in reference [1]. The saturated vapor density is obtained by the compatibility of the equation of state and vapor pressure equation. Isobaric specific heat c_P is obtained from individual in reference [2].

Transport Properties:

Thermal conductivity and viscosity from reference [2].

The Other Properties:

Surface tension from reference [2].

References

- [1] Thermodynamic Properties of Refrigerants(1986), 32 ASHRAE
- [2] Thermophysical Properties of Refrigerants (Inch-Pound Edition), (1993), 105 ASHRAE

Table II-2.43-1 R142b Function

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
1	AIPPT(P,T)		
94	AJTPT(P,T)		
8A	AKPD(P)		
8B	AKPDD(P)		
82	AKPT(P,T)		
8C	AKTD(T)		
8D	AKTDD(T)		
2	ALAPP(P)	ALAPP: Laplace Coefficient [m] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 0.2453 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 2.453$ [bar]
3	ALAPT(T)	ALAPT: Laplace Coefficient [m] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 288$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 14.85$ [°C]
4	ALHP(P)	ALHP: Latent Heat of Vaporization [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
5	ALHT(T)	ALHT: Latent Heat of Vaporization [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
6	ALMPD(P)	ALMPD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Liquid [W/(m·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$15.65 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 1.7409 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.1565 \leq P \leq 17.409$ [bar]
7	ALMPDD(P)	ALMPDD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Vapor [W/(m·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$39.37 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 1.7409 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.3937 \leq P \leq 17.409$ [bar]
8	ALMPT(P,T)	ALMPT: Thermal Conductivity at Ordinary Pressure [W/(m·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	P=Dummy $273 \leq T \leq 473$ [K] $-0.15 \leq T \leq 199.85$ [°C]
9	ALMTD(T)	ALMTD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Liquid [W/(m·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$223.15 \leq T \leq 363.15$ [K] $-50 \leq T \leq 90$ [°C]
10	ALMTDD(T)	ALMTDD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Vapor [W/(m·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$303.15 \leq T \leq 363.15$ [K] $30 \leq T \leq 90$ [°C]
11	AMUPD(P)		
12	AMUPDD(P)		
13	AMUPT(P,T)		
14	AMUTD(T)		
15	AMUTDD(T)		
92	BPPT(P,T)		
90	BSPT(P,T)		
91	BTPT(P,T)		
93	BVPT(P,T)		
16	CPPD(P)	CPPD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$15.65 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 1.7409 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.1565 \leq P \leq 17.409$ [bar]
17	CPPDD(P)	CPPDD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$15.65 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 1.7409 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.1565 \leq P \leq 17.409$ [bar]
18	CPPT(P,T)	CPPT: Isobaric Specific Heat at Ordinary Pressure [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	P=Dummy $263.15 \leq T \leq 473.15$ [K] $-10 \leq T \leq 200$ [°C]
19	CPTD(T)	CPTD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$223.15 \leq T \leq 363.15$ [K] $-50 \leq T \leq 90$ [°C]
20	CPTDD(T)	CPTDD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$223.15 \leq T \leq 363.15$ [K] $-50 \leq T \leq 90$ [°C]

Table II-2.43-1 R142b Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
21	CRP('A')	CRP: Critical Constants H: 'A'='H': 0.4309×10^6 [J/kg] Specific Enthalpy P*: 'A'='P': 4.123×10^6 [Pa], 41.23 [bar] Pressure S: 'A'='S': 1.6464×10^3 [J/(kg·K)] Specific Entropy T*: 'A'='T': 410.25 [K], 137.10 [°C] Temperature V: 'A'='V': 2.2988×10^{-3} [m ³ /kg] Specific Volume	one of 'H', 'P', 'S', 'T' and 'V'
7A	CVPD(P)		
76	CVPDD(P)		
77	CVPT(P,T)		
7B	CVTD(T)		
78	CVTDD(T)		
2A	EPSPD(P)		
2B	EPSPDD(P)		
22	EPSPPT(P,T)		
2C	EPSTD(T)		
2D	EPSTDD(T)		
89	FC('A')	FC: Fundamental Constants M: 'A'='M': 100.496 Relative Molecular Mass R: 'A'='R': 82.7347 [J/(kg·K)] Gas Constant	one of 'M' and 'R'
9A	GAMPD(P)		
96	GAMPDD(P)		
95	GAMPT(P,T)		
9B	GAMTD(T)		
97	GAMTDD(T)		
23	HPD(P)	HPD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
24	HPDD(P)	HPDD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
71	HPS(P,S)	HPS: Specific Enthalpy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,453.15K) [J/(kg·K)] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,180°C) [J/(kg·K)] see Fig.II-2.43-3 for S
25	HPT(P,T)	HPT: Specific Enthalpy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] TSP(P) ≤ T ≤ 453.15 [K] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] TSP(P) ≤ T ≤ 180 [°C] see Fig.II-2.43-1
26	HPX(P,X)	HPX: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
27	HTD(T)	HTD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
28	HTDD(T)	HTDD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
29	HTX(T,X)	HTX: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
84	IDENTF('A')	IDENTF: CHARACTER TYPE FUNCTION for Package Identification (Length 20) C: 'A'='C': 'C2H3ClF2' Molecular Formula S: 'A'='S': 'R142B' Name of Substance V: 'A'='V': '10.1' Version Number	one of 'C', 'S' and 'V'

Table II-2.43-1 R142b Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
66	PLDT(T)		
68	PMLT(T)		
85	PRPD(P)		
86	PRPDD(P)		
81	PRPT(P,T)		
87	PRTD(T)		
88	PRTDD(T)		
99	PSBT(T)		
30	PST(T)	PST*: Saturation Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
72	PSTD(T)		
73	PSTDD(T)		
31	SIGP(P)	SIGP: Surface Tension [N/m] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 0.2453 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 2.543$ [bar]
32	SIGT(T)	SIGT: Surface Tension [N/m] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 288$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 14.85$ [°C]
33	SPD(P)	SPD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
34	SPDD(P)	SPDD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
35	SPT(P,T)	SPT: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $TSP(P) \leq T \leq 453.15$ [K] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] $TSP(P) \leq T \leq 180$ [°C] see Fig.II-2.43-1
36	SPX(P,X)	SPX: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
37	STD(T)	STD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
38	STDD(T)	STDD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
39	STX(T,X)	STX: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
67	TLDP(P)		
69	TMLP(P)		
64	TPH(P,H)	TPH*: Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] H: Specific Enthalpy [J/kg]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $HPDD(P) \leq H \leq$ $HPT(P,453.15K)$ [J/kg] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] $HPDD(P) \leq H \leq$ $HPT(P,180^\circ C)$ [J/kg] see Fig.II-2.43-2 for H

Table II-2.43-1 R142b Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
6H	TPH2(P,H)		
65	TPS(P,S)	TPS*: Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,453.15K) [J/(kg·K)] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,180°C) [J/(kg·K)] see Fig.II-2.43-3 for S
6S	TPS2(P,S)		
98	TPSEUP(P)		
70	TPV(P,V)	TPV*: Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] V: Specific Volume [m ³ /kg]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] VPDD(P) ≤ V ≤ VPT(P,453.15K) [m ³ /kg] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] VPDD(P) ≤ V ≤ VPT(P,180°C) [m ³ /kg]
41	TRPL('A')		
100	TSBP(P)		
40	TSP(P)	TSP*: Saturation Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
74	TSPD(P)		
75	TSPDD(P)		
42	UPD(P)	UPD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
43	UPDD(P)	UPDD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
79	UPS(P,S)	UPS: Specific Internal Energy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,453.15K) [J/(kg·K)] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,180°C) [J/(kg·K)] see Fig.II-2.43-3 for S
44	UPT(P,T)	UPT: Specific Internal Energy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] TSP(P) ≤ T ≤ 453.15 [K] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] TSP(P) ≤ T ≤ 180 [°C] see Fig.II-2.43-1
45	UPX(P,X)	UPX: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
46	UTD(T)	UTD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
47	UTDD(T)	UTDD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
48	UTX(T,X)	UTX: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
49	VPD(P)	VPD: Specific Volume of Saturated Liquid [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]

Table II-2.43-1 R142b Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
50	VPDD(P)	VPDD: Specific Volume of Saturated Vapor [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar]
80	VPS(P,S)	VPS: Specific Volume [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,453.15K) [J/(kg·K)] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] SPDD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,180°C) [J/(kg·K)] see Fig.II-2.43-3 for S
51	VPT(P,T)	VPT: Specific Volume [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$10 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.50 \times 10^6$ [Pa] TSP(P) ≤ T ≤ 453.15 [K] $0.1 \leq P \leq 35$ [bar] TSP(P) ≤ T ≤ 180 [°C] see Fig.II-2.43-1
52	VPX(P,X)	VPX: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
53	VTD(T)	VTD: Specific Volume of Saturated Liquid [m ³ /kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
54	VTDD(T)	VTDD: Specific Volume of Saturated Vapor [m ³ /kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C]
55	VTX(T,X)	VTX: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$203.15 \leq T \leq 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T \leq 125$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
8E	WPD(P)		
8F	WPDD(P)		
83	WPT(P,T)		
8G	WTD(T)		
8H	WTDD(T)		
56	XPH(P,H)	XPH: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] H: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] HPD(P) ≤ H ≤ HPDD(P) [J/kg]
57	XPS(P,S)	XPS: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] SPD(P) ≤ S ≤ SPDD(P) [J/(kg·K)]
58	XPU(P,U)	XPU: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] U: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] UPD(P) ≤ U ≤ UPDD(P) [J/kg]
59	XPV(P,V)	XPV: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] V: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg]	$4.697 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.3691 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.04697 \leq P \leq 33.691$ [bar] VPD(P) ≤ V ≤ VPDD(P) [m ³ /kg]
60	XTH(T,H)	XTH: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] H: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg]	$203.15 \leq T < 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T < 125$ [°C] HTD(T) ≤ H ≤ HTDD(T) [J/kg]
61	XTS(T,S)	XTS: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] S: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)]	$203.15 \leq T < 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T < 125$ [°C] STD(T) ≤ S ≤ STDD(T) [J/(kg·K)]
62	XTU(T,U)	XTU: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] U: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg]	$203.15 \leq T < 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T < 125$ [°C] UTD(T) ≤ U ≤ UTDD(T) [J/kg]
63	XTV(T,V)	XTV: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] V: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg]	$203.15 \leq T < 398.15$ [K] $-70 \leq T < 125$ [°C] VTD(T) ≤ V ≤ VTDD(T) [m ³ /kg]

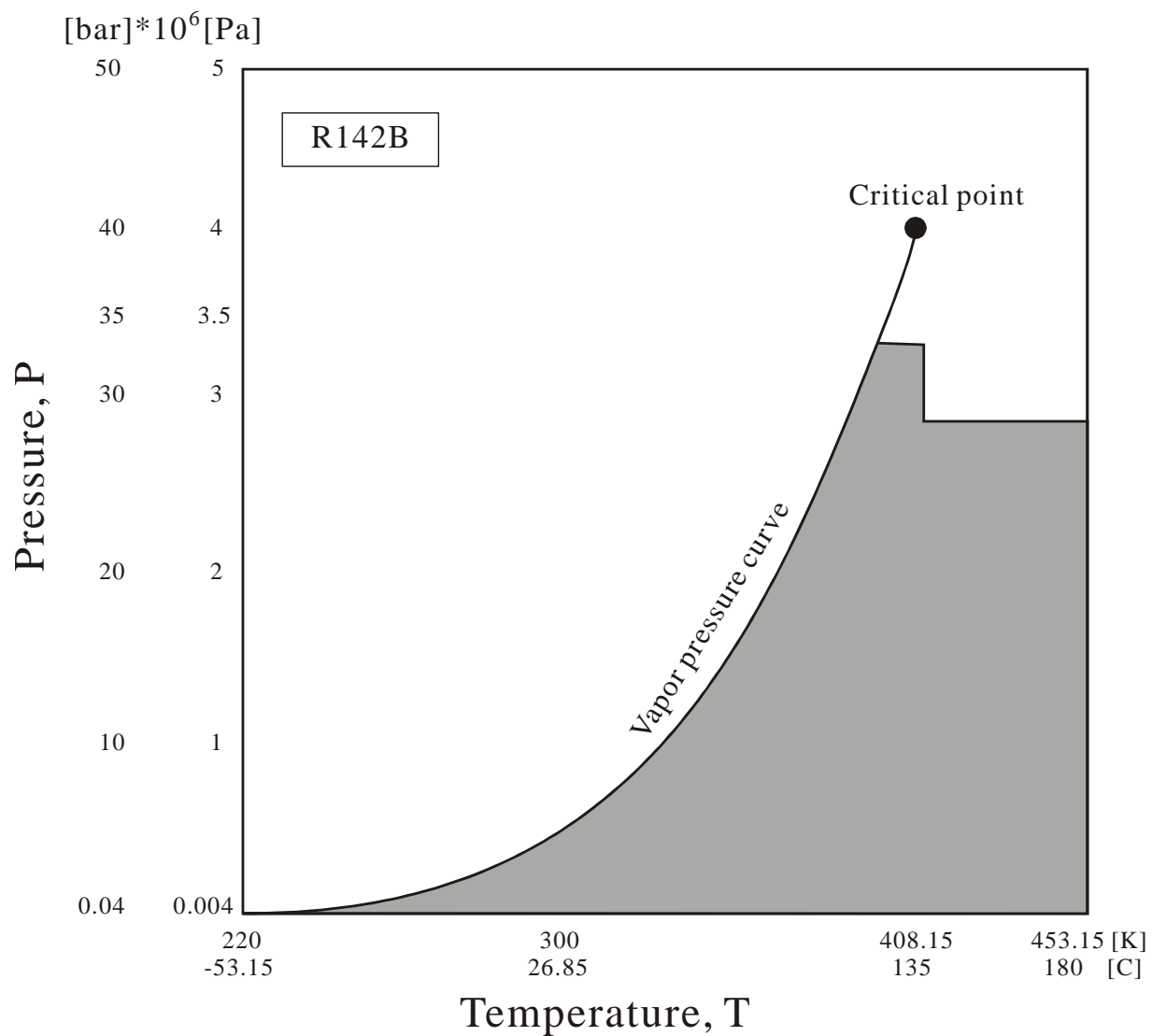


Fig.II-2.43-1 Range of Arguments(P,T) for AKPT(P,T),CPPT(P,T),CVPT(P,T),HPT(P,T), SPT(P,T),UPT(P,T) and VPT(P,T).

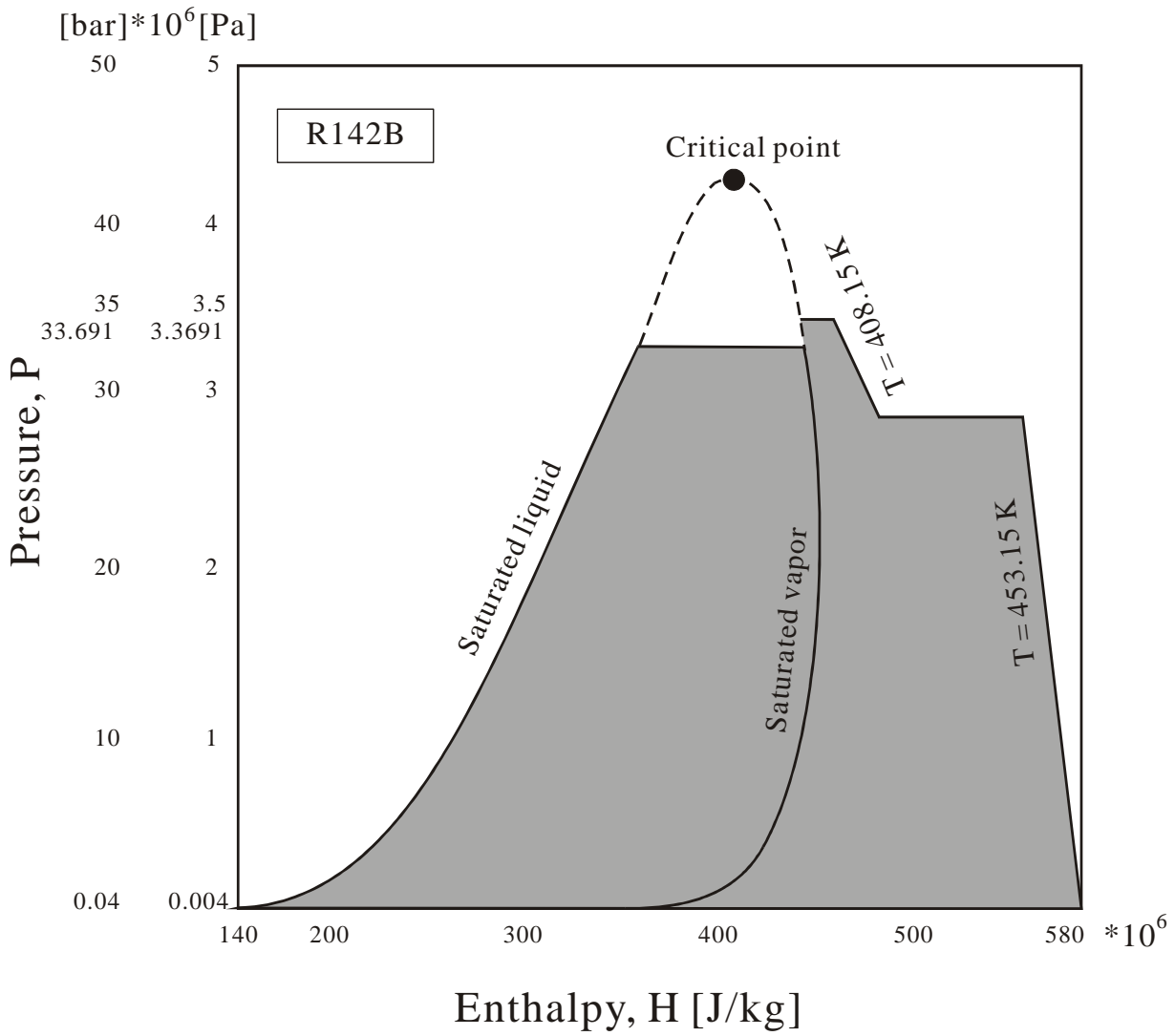


Fig.II-2.43-2 Range of Arguments(P,H) for TPH(P,H).

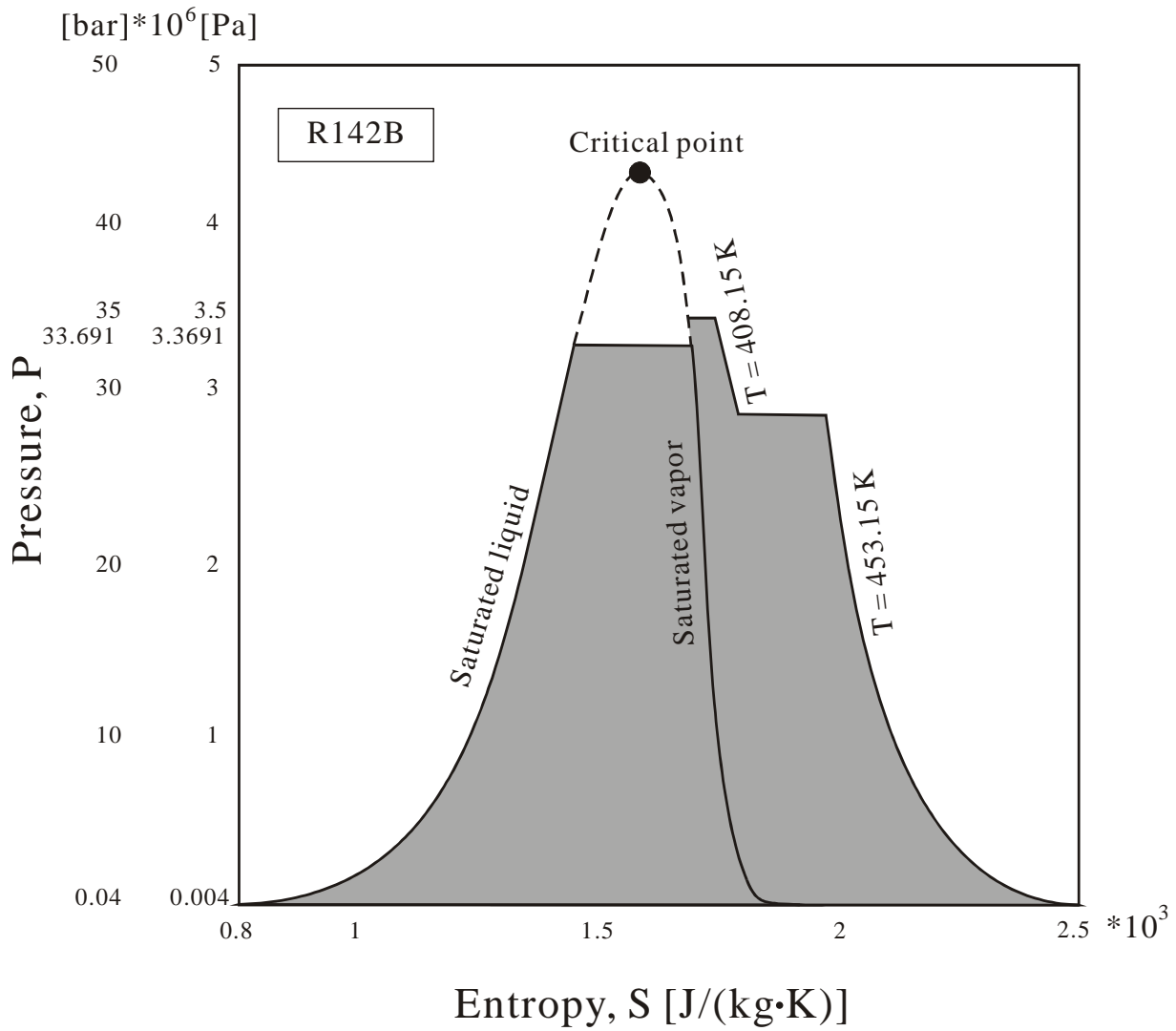


Fig.II-2.43-3 Range of Arguments(P,S) for HPS(P,S),TPS(P,S),UPS(P,S) and VPS(P,S).