

2.40 HCFC-21(R21)

All equations for HCFC-21(R21) are based on the Table from Thermophysical properties of refrigerants by Platzer *et al.*[1].

2.40.1 Temperature Scale

International practical temperature scale 1968 (IPTS-1968)

2.40.2 The Names of Substance, Library File and Single Shot Program

Name of Substance:	HCFC-21, R21, Refrigerant 21, Freon 21, Dichlorofluoromethane
Library File for UNIX:	libjr21.a
Library File for DOS,Windows95/NT:	JR21.LIB
Single Shot Program for UNIX:	r21-ss
Single Shot Program for DOS,Windows95/NT:	R21-SS.EXE

2.40.3 Important Constants and Others

Molecular Formula:	CHCl_2F
Relative Molecular Mass:	102.920
Gas Constant:	80.7614 J/(kg·K)

Critical Constants:

Critical Pressure:	$5.1812 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$ (51.812 bar)
Critical Temperature:	451.48 K (178.33 °C)
Critical Specific Volume:	$1.9011 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$

Reference State:

At 0°C, 1.0000 kJ/(kg·K) and 200.00 kJ/kg are assigned to the specific entropy and the specific enthalpy of saturated liquid, respectively.

2.40.4 Formula

Equation of State:

The Bender equation of state (II-3-1) in reference [1], which is in a function from of $Z = Z(\rho, T)$. Here Z =compressibility, ρ =density and T =temperature.

Vapor Pressure:

Equation (20) in reference [1].

Properties at Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium:

saturated state: The Bender equation of state is utilized to obtaining saturated specific volume by the aid of Maxwell's criterion according to the author's recommendation. The Bender equation of state shows unreasonable behavior near the critical point. This temperature range is evaluated by $T_c \pm 1$ K. Therefore, in the temperature range and above the critical pressure, the values of u , h and s would include some uncertainty. Also, in the ranges of $p_{sat}(T_c - 1\text{K}) < p < p_{sat}(T_c + 1\text{K})$ and $v'(T_c - 1\text{K}) < v < v''(T_c - 1\text{K})$, the calculated values of p , v , T , c_p , c_v , isentropic exponent, Laplace coefficient, Prandtl number, velocity of sound and dryness fraction of wet vapor would have some uncertainty. Equations (2), (3), and (5) for specific enthalpy, specific entropy and isobaric specific heat, respectively. However, the sign of the last integration term in Equation (2) for u

$$u(T, \rho) = h_0 - RT_0 + \int_{T_0}^T (c_p^0 - R)dT + \int_0^\rho \left[T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_\rho - p \right] \frac{d\rho}{\rho^2}$$

has been corrected to

$$u(T, \rho) = h_0 - RT_0 + \int_{T_0}^T (c_p^0 - R)dT - \int_0^\rho \left[T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_\rho - p \right] \frac{d\rho}{\rho^2}.$$

Transport Properties:

Thermal conductivity and viscosity from reference [2].

The Other Properties:

Equation (3) in reference [3] for surface tension.

References

- [1] B.Platzer, A.Polt and G.Maurer, Thermophysical Properties of Refrigerants (1990), Springer-Verlag
- [2] Thermophysical Properties of Refrigerants(1976), 65 ASHRAE
- [3] K.Watanabe and M.Okada, Int. J. Thermophysics, 2-2(1981), 163

Table II-2.40-1 HCFC-21(R-21) Function

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
1	AIPPT(P,T)		
94	AJTPT(P,T)		
8A	AKPD(P)		
8B	AKPDD(P)		
82	AKPT(P,T)	AKPT: Isentropic Exponent [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
8C	AKTD(T)		
8D	AKTDD(T)		
2	ALAPP(P)	ALAPP: Laplace Coefficient [m] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
3	ALAPT(T)	ALAPT: Laplace Coefficient [m] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$240 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-33.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
4	ALHP(P)	ALHP: Latent Heat of Vaporization [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
5	ALHT(T)	ALHT: Latent Heat of Vaporization [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
6	ALMPD(P)	ALMPD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Liquid [W/(m·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.4191 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 34.191$ [bar]
7	ALMPDD(P)	ALMPDD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Vapor [W/(m·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$93.64 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 2.2309 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.9364 \leq P \leq 22.309$ [bar]
8	ALMPT(P,T)	ALMPT: Thermal Conductivity at Ordinary Pressure [W/(m·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	P=Dummy $233 \leq T \leq 695$ [K] $-40.15 \leq T \leq 421.85$ [°C]
9	ALMTD(T)	ALMTD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Liquid [W/(m·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$139 \leq T \leq 425$ [K] $-134.15 \leq T \leq 151.85$ [°C]
10	ALMTDD(T)	ALMTDD: Thermal Conductivity of Saturated Vapor [W/(m·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$280 \leq T \leq 400$ [K] $6.85 \leq T \leq 126.85$ [°C]
11	AMUPD(P)	AMUPD: Coefficient of Viscosity of Saturated Liquid [Pa·s] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 1.8547 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 18.547$ [bar]
12	AMUPDD(P)	AMUPDD: Coefficient of Viscosity of Saturated Vapor [Pa·s] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$194 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 3.7059 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $1.940 \leq P \leq 37.059$ [bar]
13	AMUPT(P,T)		
14	AMUTD(T)	AMUTD: Coefficient of Viscosity of Saturated Liquid [Pa·s] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$170 \leq T \leq 400$ [K] $-103.15 \leq T \leq 126.85$ [°C]
15	AMUTDD(T)	AMUTDD: Coefficient of Viscosity of Saturated Vapor [Pa·s] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$300 \leq T \leq 430$ [K] $26.85 \leq T \leq 156.85$ [°C]
92	BPPT(P,T)		
90	BSPT(P,T)		
91	BTPT(P,T)		
93	BVPT(P,T)		
16	CPPD(P)	CPPD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
17	CPPDD(P)	CPPDD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]

Table II-2.40-1 HCFC-21(R-21) Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
18	CPPT(P,T)	CPPT: Isobaric Specific Heat [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
19	CPTD(T)	CPTD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
20	CPTDD(T)	CPTDD: Isobaric Specific Heat of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
21	CRP('A')	CRP: Critical Constants H: 'A'='H': 0.4479×10^6 [J/kg] Specific Enthalpy P*: 'A'='P': 5.1812×10^6 [Pa], 51.812 [bar] Pressure S: 'A'='S': 1.656×10^3 [J/(kg·K)] Specific Entropy T*: 'A'='T': 451.48 [K], 178.33 [°C] Temperature V: 'A'='V': 1.901×10^{-3} [m ³ /kg] Specific Volume	one of 'H', 'P', 'S', 'T' and 'V'
7A	CVPD(P)		
76	CVPDD(P)	CVPDD: Isochoric Specific Heat of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
77	CVPT(P,T)	CVPT: Isochoric Specific Heat [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
7B	CVTD(T)		
78	CVTDD(T)	CVTDD: Isochoric Specific Heat of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
2A	EPSPD(P)		
2B	EPSPDD(P)		
22	EPSPT(P,T)		
2C	EPSTD(T)		
2D	EPSTDD(T)		
89	FC('A')	FC: Fundamental Constants M: 'A'='M': 102.92 Relative Molecular Mass R: 'A'='R': 80.786 [J/(kg·K)] Gas Constant	one of 'M' and 'R'
9A	GAMPD(P)		
96	GAMPDD(P)		
95	GAMPT(P,T)		
9B	GAMTD(T)		
97	GAMTDD(T)		
23	HPD(P)	HPD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
24	HPDD(P)	HPDD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
71	HPS(P,S)	HPS: Specific Enthalpy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $SPT(P, 220K) \leq S \leq$ $SPT(P, 470K)$ [J/(kg·K)] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $SPT(P, -53.15^\circ C) \leq S \leq$ $SPT(P, 196.85^\circ C)$ [J/(kg·K)]

Table II-2.40-1 HCFC-21(R-21) Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
25	HPT(P,T)	HPT: Specific Enthalpy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
26	HPX(P,X)	HPX: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
27	HTD(T)	HTD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
28	HTDD(T)	HTDD: Specific Enthalpy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
29	HTX(T,X)	HTX: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
84	IDENTF('A')	IDENTF: CHARACTER TYPE FUNCTION for Identification of Substance (Length 20) C:'A'='C': 'CHCL2F' Molecular Formula S:'A'='S': 'HCFC-21(R-21)' Name of Substance V:'A'='V': '10.1' Version Number	one of 'C', 'S' and 'V'
66	PLDT(T)		
68	PMLT(T)		
85	PRPD(P)	PRPD: Prandtl Number of Saturated Liquid [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 1.8547 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 18.547$ [bar]
86	PRPDD(P)	PRPDD: Prandtl Number of Saturated Vapor [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$93.64 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 2.2309 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.9364 \leq P \leq 22.309$ [bar]
81	PRPT(P,T)		
87	PRTD(T)	PRTD: Prandtl Number of Saturated Liquid [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 400$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 126.85$ [°C]
88	PRTDD(T)	PRTDD: Prandtl Number of Saturated Vapor [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$280 \leq T \leq 400$ [K] $6.85 \leq T \leq 126.85$ [°C]
99	PSBT(T)		
30	PST(T)	PST*: Saturation Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$220 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
72	PSTD(T)		
73	PSTDD(T)		
31	SIGP(P)	SIGP: Surface Tension [N/m] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$PST(220K) \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] ($\sim 4.1 \times 10^3$) $PST(-53.15 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}) \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar] (~ 0.041)
32	SIGT(T)	SIGT: Surface Tension [N/m] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$220 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
33	SPD(P)	SPD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
34	SPDD(P)	SPDD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
35	SPT(P,T)	SPT: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
36	SPX(P,X)	SPX: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]

Table II-2.40-1 HCFC-21(R-21) Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
37	STD(T)	STD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Liquid [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	215 ≤ T ≤ 451.48 [K] -58.15 ≤ T ≤ 178.33 [°C]
38	STDD(T)	STDD: Specific Entropy of Saturated Vapor [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	215 ≤ T ≤ 451.48 [K] -58.15 ≤ T ≤ 178.33 [°C]
39	STX(T,X)	STX: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	215 ≤ T ≤ 451.48 [K] -58.15 ≤ T ≤ 178.33 [°C] 0 ≤ X ≤ 1.0 [-]
67	TLDP(P)		
69	TMLP(P)		
64	TPH(P,H)	TPH*: Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] H: Specific Enthalpy [J/kg]	250 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 90 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] HPT(P,220K) ≤ H ≤ HPT(P,470K) [J/kg] 2.5 ≤ P ≤ 900 [bar] HPT(P, -53.15°C) ≤ H ≤ HPT(P,196.85°C) [J/kg]
6H	TPH2(P,H)		
65	TPS(P,S)	TPS*: Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	250 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 90 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] SPT(P,220K) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,470K) [J/(kg·K)] 2.5 ≤ P ≤ 900 [bar] SPT(P, -53.15°C) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,196.85°C) [J/(kg·K)]
6S	TPS2(P,S)		
98	TPSEUP(P)		
70	TPV(P,V)	TPV*: Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] V: Specific Volume [m ³ /kg]	250 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 90 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] VPT(P,220K) ≤ V ≤ VPT(P,470K) [m ³ /kg] 2.5 ≤ P ≤ 900 [bar] VPT(P, -53.15°C) ≤ V ≤ VPT(P,196.85°C) [m ³ /kg]
41	TRPL('A')		
100	TSBP(P)		
40	TSP(P)	TSP*: Saturation Temperature [K], [°C] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	2.86 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 5.1812 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] 0.0286 ≤ P ≤ 51.812 [bar]
74	TSPD(P)		
75	TSPDD(P)		
42	UPD(P)	UPD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	2.86 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 5.1812 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] 0.0286 ≤ P ≤ 51.812 [bar]
43	UPDD(P)	UPDD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	2.86 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 5.1812 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] 0.0286 ≤ P ≤ 51.812 [bar]
79	UPS(P,S)	UPS: Specific Internal Energy [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	250 × 10 ³ ≤ P ≤ 90 × 10 ⁶ [Pa] SPT(P,220K) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,470K) [J/(kg·K)] 2.5 ≤ P ≤ 900 [bar] SPT(P, -53.15°C) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,196.85°C) [J/(kg·K)]

Table II-2.40-1 HCF-21(R-21) Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
44	UPT(P,T)	UPT: Specific Internal [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
45	UPX(P,X)	UPX: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
46	UTD(T)	UTD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Liquid [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$220 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
47	UTDD(T)	UTDD: Specific Internal Energy of Saturated Vapor [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$220 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
48	UTX(T,X)	UTX: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
49	VPD(P)	VPD: Specific Volume of Saturated Liquid [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
50	VPDD(P)	VPDD: Specific Volume of Saturated Vapor [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar]
80	VPS(P,S)	VPS: Specific Volume [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy [J/(kg·K)]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] SPT(P,220K) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,470K) [J/(kg·K)] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] SPT(P, -53.15°C) ≤ S ≤ SPT(P,196.85°C) [J/(kg·K)]
51	VPT(P,T)	VPT: Specific Volume [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
52	VPX(P,X)	VPX: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
53	VTD(T)	VTD: Specific Volume of Saturated Liquid [m ³ /kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
54	VTDD(T)	VTDD: Specific Volume of Saturated Vapor [m ³ /kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C]
55	VTX(T,X)	VTX: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] X: Dryness Fraction [-]	$215 \leq T \leq 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T \leq 178.33$ [°C] $0 \leq X \leq 1.0$ [-]
8E	WPD(P)		
8F	WPDD(P)		
83	WPT(P,T)	WPT: Velocity of Sound [m/s] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] T*: Temperature [K], [°C]	$250 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 90 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $220 \leq T \leq 470$ [K] $2.5 \leq P \leq 900$ [bar] $-53.15 \leq T \leq 196.85$ [°C]
8G	WTD(T)		
8H	WTDD(T)		
56	XPH(P,H)	XPH: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] H: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P \leq 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P \leq 51.812$ [bar] HPD(P) ≤ H ≤ HPDD(P) [J/kg]

Table II-2.40-1 HCF-21(R-21) Function (cont'd)

No.	Name of Function	Function and Argument(s)	Range of Argument(s)
57	XPS(P,S)	XPS: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] S: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P < 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P < 51.812$ [bar] $SPD(P) \leq S \leq SPDD(P)$ [J/(kg·K)]
58	XPU(P,U)	XPU: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] U: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P < 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P < 51.812$ [bar] $UPD(P) \leq U \leq UPDD(P)$ [J/kg]
59	XPV(P,V)	XPV: Dryness Fraction [-] P*: Pressure [Pa], [bar] V: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg]	$2.86 \times 10^3 \leq P < 5.1812 \times 10^6$ [Pa] $0.0286 \leq P < 51.812$ [bar] $VPD(P) \leq V \leq VPDD(P)$ [m ³ /kg]
60	XTH(T,H)	XTH: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] H: Specific Enthalpy of Mixture [J/kg]	$215 \leq T < 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T < 178.33$ [°C] $HTD(T) \leq H \leq HTDD(T)$ [J/kg]
61	XTS(T,S)	XTS: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] S: Specific Entropy of Mixture [J/(kg·K)]	$215 \leq T < 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T < 178.33$ [°C] $STD(T) \leq S \leq STDD(T)$ [J/(kg·K)]
62	XTU(T,U)	XTU: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] U: Specific Internal Energy of Mixture [J/kg]	$215 \leq T < 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T < 178.33$ [°C] $UTD(T) \leq U \leq UTDD(T)$ [J/kg]
63	XTV(T,V)	XTV: Dryness Fraction [-] T*: Temperature [K], [°C] V: Specific Volume of Mixture [m ³ /kg]	$215 \leq T < 451.48$ [K] $-58.15 \leq T < 178.33$ [°C] $VTD(T) \leq V \leq VTDD(T)$ [m ³ /kg]